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**{See rule 11(1)}**  
**ORDER SHEET**  
**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW**  
**Court No.1**

**Ex. A. No. 06 of 2022 Inre : Ex. A. No. 43 of 2019 & Inre : O.A. No. 105 of 2017**

**Smt. Poonam Shukla**  
By Legal Practitioner for the Applicant

Applicant

**Versus**

**Union of India & Others**  
By Legal Practitioner for Respondents

Respondents

Notes of the Registry	Orders of the Tribunal
	<p><b><u>23.03.2022</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)</u></b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Heard Shri Angrej Nath Shukla, Ld. Counsel for the applicant and Shri Amit Jaiswal, Ld. Counsel for the respondents assisted by Shri Rajeev Tiwari, Accounts Officer, Principal Controller of Defence Accounts (Pensions), Prayagraj (Allahabad).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">An affidavit of compliance has been filed by the respondents, which is taken on record.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">A copy of Corrigendum PPO has been annexed along with affidavit on which perusal it appears that it is in terms of the order.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Ld. Counsel for the applicant submits that despite Corrigendum PPO being generated on 24.11.2021 nothing has been credited in applicant's account till date. Applicant is, therefore, directed to file updated copy of Passbook by the next date fixed to ascertain whether amount has been credited or not.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">List on <b>09.05.2022</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve)</b> Member (A)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava)</b> Member (J)</p> <p>AKD/-</p>



























**Form No. 4**  
**{See rule 11(1)}**  
**ORDER SHEET**  
**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW**

**R.A. No. 34 of 2022 with M.A. No. 273 of 2022 Inre : O.A. No. 497 of 2017**

**Union of India and Others**

**Review Applicants**

**Versus**

**Smt. Satbiri W/o Late Ex. Sep. Ajaipal Singh**  
By Legal Practitioner for Respondent

**Respondent**

Notes of the Registry	Orders of the Tribunal
	<p><b><u>23.03.2022</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)</u></b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Heard Dr. Shailendra Sharma, Ld. Counsel for the review applicants – Union of India and Others and Shri K.K. Mishra, Ld. Counsel for the respondent.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">In view of order dated 10.01.2022 of the Hon'ble Apex Court in Miscellaneous Application No. 21/2022 in MA 665/2021 in Suo Motu Writ Petition (C) No.3/2020, there is no delay in filing of Review Application, however, an application for condonation of delay has been moved which being not required is <b>dismissed</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">The applicants-Union of India &amp; Others have filed this application under Rule 18 of the Armed Forces Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 2008 by which applicant has prayed for review and setting aside the judgement and order dated 14.01.2019 of this Tribunal passed in Original Application No. 497 of 2017 <i>inter alia</i> on the ground that husband of the applicant was discharged from DSC service on completion of his initial terms of engagement, hence he is not entitled for the grant of disability pension.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">The operating portion of the order reads as under:-</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>“In view of the above, the Original Application No 497 of 2017 deserves to be allowed, hence allowed. Husband of the applicant was entitled to disability pension w.e.f. the date of his discharge but the applicant has approached this Tribunal with long delay so the arrears of disability pension and benefits of rounding off to 75% shall be restricted w.e.f. three years prior to the date of filing of this Original Application till the date of death of husband of applicant. The date of filing of this Original Application is 21.12.2016. The respondents are directed to give effect to this order within a period of four months from the date of receipt of a certified copy of this order. Default will invite interest @ 9% per annum till actual payment.”</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">The order of which review has been sought was passed by the Bench</p>

comprising of Hon'ble Mr. Justice S.V.S. Rathore, Member (J) (since retired) and Hon'ble Air Marshal B.B.P. Sinha, Member (A) (since since retired).

It is a settled proposition of law that the scope of the review is limited and until it is shown that there is error apparent on the face of record in the judgment and order sought to be reviewed, the same cannot be reviewed. For ready reference, Order 47, Rule 1 sub-rule (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 is reproduced below :-

*"1. Application for review of judgment.- (1) any person considering himself aggrieved-*

*(a) by a decree or order from which an appeal is allowed, but from which no appeal has been preferred,  
(b) by a decree or order from which no appeal is allowed, or  
(c) by a decision on a reference from a Court of Small Causes, and who, from the discovery of new and important matter or evidence which, after the exercise of due diligence, was not within his knowledge or could not be produced by him at the time when the decree was passed or order made, or on account of some mistake or error apparent on the face of the record , or for any other sufficient reason, desires to obtain a review of the decree passed or order made against him, may apply for a review of judgment to the Court which passed the decree or made the order."*

In view of the principles of law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in various decisions, it is settled that the scope of review jurisdiction is very limited and re-hearing is not permissible. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in Para 9 of its judgment in the case of ***Parsion Devi and others vs. Sumitri Devi and others***, reported in (1997) 8 Supreme Court Cases 715, has observed as under :-

*"9. Under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC a judgment may be open to review inter alia if there is a mistake or an error apparent on the face of the record. An error which is not self- evident and has to be detected by a process of reasoning, can hardly be said to be an error apparent on the face of the record justifying the court to exercise its power of review under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC. In exercise of the jurisdiction under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC it is not permissible for an erroneous decision to be "reheard and corrected". There is a clear distinction between an erroneous decision and an error apparent on the face of the record. While the first can be corrected by the higher forum, the latter only can be corrected by exercise of the review jurisdiction. A review petition has a limited purpose and cannot be allowed to be "an appeal in disguise."*

We have gone through the judgment and order sought to be reviewed and no illegality or irregularity or error apparent on the face of record being found therein, we are of the view that there is no force in the grounds taken in the review application so that order may be reviewed.

In the result, Review Application is **rejected**.

**(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve)**  
Member (A)

**(Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava)**  
Member (J)

AKD/-

**Form No. 4**  
**{See rule 11(1)}**  
**ORDER SHEET**  
**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW**  
**Court No.1**

**O.A. No. 522 of 2021**

**Ex. Sub. Vijay Kumar Dubedi**  
By Legal Practitioner for the Applicant

Applicant

**Versus**

**Union of India & Others**  
By Legal Practitioner for Respondents

Respondents

<b>Notes of the Registry</b>	<b>Orders of the Tribunal</b>
	<p><b><u>23.03.2022</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)</u></b></p> <p>Counter affidavit filed by the respondents is taken on record.</p> <p>Heard Shri Virat Anand Singh, Ld. Counsel for the applicant and Ms. Anju Singh, Ld. Counsel for the respondents.</p> <p>Learned counsel for the applicant submits that applicant was enrolled in the Army on 23.07.1984 and was discharged from service on 31.07.2014 in low medical category for which applicant is in receipt of 30% disability element for his disability "PRIMARY HYPERTENSION" but the benefit of rounding off has not been given to the applicant till today in terms of Govt. of India letter dated 31.01.2001.</p> <p>Learned counsel for the respondents submits that applicant has been granted disability element @ 30% for life w.e.f. 01.08.2014 vide PPO dated 29.10.2014.</p> <p>She further submitted that consequent upon issuance of PCDA (P) Allahabad Circular No. 596 dated 09.02.2018, broad banding benefits of disability/war injury element with effect from 01.01.2016 are extended to all pre 01.01.2016 pensioners who were in receipt of disability element as on 31.12.2015 and the responsibility for grant of broad banding benefits has been given to Pension Disbursing Agencies (PDAs) of the pensioners for suomoto revision of the such cases. Hence, the applicant is required to approach his PDA directly for rounding off benefit w.e.f. 01.01.2016.</p> <p>She also submitted that the Chief Manager, SBI (CPPC), Prayagraj has again been requested vide Signal Records letter dated 17.01.2022 to make the payment to the applicant as per revised rate of rounding off benefits of disability element for life w.e.f. 01.01.2016. A copy of letter has also been forwarded to the applicant advising him to approach his PDA for revision of his disability element accordingly.</p>

In view of above, Bank concerned i.e. PDA of the applicant is directed to grant benefit of rounding off @ 50% on disability element of the applicant from 01.01.2016 and pay arrears of disability element (from 30% to 50%) to the applicant within a period of four months positively. Default will invite interest @ 8% per annum till actual payment.

With the aforesaid direction, Original Application is **disposed off** finally.

**(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve)**  
Member (A)

**(Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava)**  
Member (J)

SB















**Form No. 4**  
**{See rule 11(1)}**  
**ORDER SHEET**  
**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW**  
**Court No.1**

**O.A. No. 792 of 2021**

**Ex. Nk. Hukam Singh**  
By Legal Practitioner for the Applicant

Applicant

**Versus**

**Union of India & Others**  
By Legal Practitioner for Respondents

Respondents

<b>Notes of the Registry</b>	<b>Orders of the Tribunal</b>
	<p><b><u>23.03.2022</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)</u></b></p> <p>Heard Shri R. Chandra, Ld. Counsel for the applicant and Shri R.K.S. Chauhan, Ld. Counsel for the respondents and Shri Rajeev Tiwari, AO, PCDA (P), Prayagraj.</p> <p>In regard to grievance raised in Original Application, learned counsel for the respondents submits that the same has been redressed by the respondents and PPO has been generated on 11.02.2022. Thus, he submits that since grievance raised in application has been redressed, application may be dismissed being infructuous.</p> <p>Learned counsel for the applicant submits that applicant was serving in 'X' group and was discharged from service in low medical category on 30.11.2003 (AN). The applicant was granted disability pension from the date of discharge from service vide this Tribunal's order dated 10.05.2012 passed in O.A. No. 395 of 2011 but the PPO granting disability pension to the applicant has been issued in 'Y' Group and since then applicant is being paid disability pension of 'Y' group instead of 'X' group. Since, the PPO showing the applicant in 'X' group has been issued on 11.02.2022 after a gap of approx 10 years and nothing has been mentioned in the PPO with regard to interest on delayed payment of arrears, applicant deserves for interest atleast @ 8% per annum on delayed payment.</p> <p>A copy of PPO has been produced before us for perusal. We have perused the PPO and we find that Corrigendum PPO has been issued in terms of the grievance raised in application; however, nothing is mentioned in the PPO with regard to interest on delayed payment of arrears which is issued after a period of 10 years.</p>

Accordingly, we deem it proper to grant interest to the applicant on delayed payment of arrears. The respondents are directed to pay simple interest @ 6% per annum on delayed payment of arrears of disability pension to the applicant within a period of four months. Default will invite interest @ 8% per annum till actual payment.

With the aforesaid direction, Original Application is **disposed off** finally.

**(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve)**  
Member (A)

**(Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava)**  
Member (J)

SB





















**Form No. 4**  
**{See rule 11(1)}**  
**ORDER SHEET**  
**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW**  
**Court No.1**

**T.A. No. 1 of 2022 with M.A. No. 215 of 2022**

**Wg. Cdr Peter Carl Francis 'D'Souza (Retd)**  
By Legal Practitioner for the Petitioner

**Petitioner**

**Versus**

**Union of India & Others**  
By Legal Practitioner for Respondents

**Respondents**

<b>Notes of the Registry</b>	<b>Orders of the Tribunal</b>
	<p><b><u>23.03.2022</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)</u></b></p> <p>On the case being taken up for hearing Shri Anurag Tyagi, Ld. Counsel for the petitioner and Shri Pushpendra Mishra, Ld. Counsel for the respondents.</p> <p>By means of this application, applicant prays to amend relief clause of the O.A.</p> <p>It is stated that order dated 04.03.2004 passed by Directorate of PP &amp; R, Air Headquarters, New Delhi, i.e. respondent No. 4 was left to be sought to be quashed in the O.A. at the time of drafting. Apart from this, certain amendments have been sought in the O.A. also.</p> <p>It is also stated that copy of order dated 04.03.2004 has already been filed alongwith O.A. as Annexure A-2.</p> <p>Learned counsel for the respondents has opposed the prayer.</p> <p>Upon hearing submissions of both sides, we find that nature of O.A. would not change, if the amendment is allowed, therefore, amendment application is allowed.</p> <p>Let amendment be incorporated within three days.</p> <p>Thereafter, counter affidavit may be filed within four weeks.</p> <p>List on <b>06.05.2022</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve)</b>      <b>(Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava)</b> Member (A)      Member (J)</p> <p>SB</p>



By Circulation

Form No. 4  
{See rule 11(1)}  
ORDER SHEET

ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW

R.A. No. 30 of 2022 with M.A. No. 195 of 2022 Inre O.A. No 35 of 2021

Ex Sep Ram Pal

Applicant

Versus

Union of India and Others

Respondents

By Legal Practitioner for Respondents

Notes of the Registry	Orders of the Tribunal
	<p><b><u>23.03.2022</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)</u></b></p> <p>The file has been placed before us by Circulation.</p> <p>In view of order dated 10.01.2022 of the Hon'ble Apex Court in Miscellaneous Application No. 21/2022 in MA 665/2021 in Suo Motu Writ Petition (C) No.3/2020, there is no delay in filing of Review Application, however, an application for condonation of delay has been moved which being not required is <b>dismissed</b>.</p> <p>The applicant has filed this application under Rule 18 of the Armed Forces Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 2008 by which applicant has prayed for review and setting aside the judgement and order dated 20.12.2021 of this Tribunal passed in Original Application No. 35 of 2021 <i>inter alia</i> on the ground that impugned order was passed without hearing learned counsel for the applicant.</p> <p>Paras 12 and 13 of the order being relevant are reproduced reads as under:-</p> <p>12. <i>Coming to the facts of the present case, it is no longer in dispute that the applicant was discharged from DSC service being involved in criminal case under Section 302 IPC. He was tried by General Court Martial (GCM) and awarded punishment of dismissal from service and life imprisonment. He filed petition against punishment awarded by GCM and his petition was allowed and conviction and sentence of the applicant including sentence of dismissal from service was set aside. The applicant was acquitted. By way of clarification, it may be added that in the order dated 08.10.2012 passed by this Tribunal, no order for grant of back wages was passed. The respondents in their reply have clear cut stated that applicant is not entitled salary for the period he was in jail. The stand of the applicant that he is entitled salary for the period he was in jail is not legally tenable and wrong and is liable to be rejected. We do not find any lacuna in the procedure adopted by the respondents in not granting the salary to the applicant for the period, applicant was in jail.</i></p>



13. *Consequently, the application being devoid of merit is liable to be dismissed. Resultantly, O.A. is dismissed."*

It is a settled proposition of law that the scope of the review is limited and until it is shown that there is error apparent on the face of record in the judgment and order sought to be reviewed, the same cannot be reviewed. For ready reference, Order 47, Rule 1 sub-rule (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 is reproduced below :-

*"1. Application for review of judgment.- (1) any person considering himself aggrieved-*

*(a) by a decree or order from which an appeal is allowed, but from which no appeal has been preferred,*

*(b) by a decree or order from which no appeal is allowed, or*

*(c) by a decision on a reference from a Court of Small Causes, and who, from the discovery of new and important matter or evidence which, after the exercise of due diligence, was not within his knowledge or could not be produced by him at the time when the decree was passed or order made, or on account of some mistake or error apparent on the face of the record , or for any other sufficient reason, desires to obtain a review of the decree passed or order made against him, may apply for a review of judgment to the Court which passed the decree or made the order."*

In view of the principles of law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in various decisions, it is settled that the scope of review jurisdiction is very limited and re-hearing is not permissible. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in Para 9 of its judgment in the case of ***Parsion Devi and others vs. Sumitri Devi and others***, reported in (1997) 8 Supreme Court Cases 715, has observed as under :-

*"9. Under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC a judgment may be open to review inter alia if there is a mistake or an error apparent on the face of the record. An error which is not self- evident and has to be detected by a process of reasoning, can hardly be said to be an error apparent on the face of the record justifying the court to exercise its power of review under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC. In exercise of the jurisdiction under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC it is not permissible for an erroneous decision to be "reheard and corrected". There is a clear distinction between an erroneous decision and an error apparent on the face of the record. While the first can be corrected by the higher forum, the latter only can be corrected by exercise of the review jurisdiction. A review petition has a limited purpose and cannot be allowed to be "an appeal in disguise."*

We have gone through the judgment and order sought to be reviewed and no illegality or irregularity or error apparent on the face of record being found therein and order was passed on the basis of facts available on record, we are of the view that there is no force in the grounds taken in the review application so that order may be reviewed.

In the result, Review Application is **rejected**.

(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve)  
Member (A)

(Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava)  
Member (J)

ukt/-





**Form No. 4**  
**{See rule 11(1)}**  
**ORDER SHEET**  
**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW**  
**Court No.1**

**O.A. No. 346 of 2019**

**Prem Sagar Tiwari**  
By Legal Practitioner for the Applicant

Applicant

**Versus**

**Union of India & Others**  
By Legal Practitioner for Respondents

Respondents

<b>Notes of the Registry</b>	<b>Orders of the Tribunal</b>
	<p><b><u>23.03.2022</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)</u></b></p> <p>On the case being taken up for hearing Dr. Chet Narayan Singh, Ld. Counsel for the respondents is present.</p> <p>List on <b>10.05.2022</b>.</p> <p>(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve) (Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava) Member (A) Member (J)</p> <p>rathore</p>





























**Form No. 4**  
**{See rule 11(1)}**  
**ORDER SHEET**  
**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW**  
**Court No.1**

**R.A. No. 98 of 2021 Inre O.A. No. 554 of 2018**

**Union of India & Others**  
By Legal Practitioner for the Applicant

Applicants

**Versus**

**Smt. Poonam Devi W/o Late Ranbir Kumar & Other**  
By Legal Practitioner for Respondents

Respondents

<b>Notes of the Registry</b>	<b>Orders of the Tribunal</b>
	<p><b><u>23.03.2022</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)</u></b> <b><u>Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)</u></b></p> <p>1. This Review Application under Rule 18 of the Armed Forces Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 2008 has been preferred by the applicants-respondents (Union of India) against judgment and order of the Armed Forces Tribunal, Regional Bench, Lucknow dated 22.10.2021 passed in O.A. No. 554 of 2018.</p> <p>2. Short counter affidavit filed by the applicants-respondents today in the Court is taken on record.</p> <p>3. Heard Shri Rajiv Pandey, learned counsel for the applicants-respondents (Union of India) and Shri Rang Nath Pandey, learned counsel for the respondent-applicant.</p> <p>4. Learned counsel for the applicants-respondents submits that in the judgment and order dated 22.10.2021, service pension granted to the deceased soldier (husband of the applicant) from the date of discharge from service and thereafter, family pension has been granted to the applicant from the date of death of her husband, however, neither husband of the applicant nor applicant is entitled service pension/family pension as per Air Headquarters letter No. Air HQ/24229/283/PP&amp;R-3 dated 02.05.1996, GOI, MOD letter dated 12.11.2008 and AFI 14/80 read with Regulation 145 of Pension Regulations for the Army, 1961 (Part-1) as an NC (E) is eligible for pension only after having 20 years of reckonable service. In the instant case, applicant was discharged from service under Rule 15 (2) of Air Force Rules, 1969 under the clause "HIS SERVICE NO LONGER REQUIRED – UNSUITABLE FOR RETENTION IN</p>

THE IAF” after rendering 16 years and 262 days of qualifying regular service (excluding 155 days of non qualifying service due to Absent Without Leave) against 20 years pensionable service being a NC (E).

5. Learned counsel for the applicants-respondents also submits that in serial 12 of the service documents of the deceased soldier (Ranbir Kumar), produced before the court, period of engagement is written 20 years regular service and 5 years reserve service. Hence, order dated 22.10.2021 passed in O.A. No. 554 of 2018 needs to be reviewed and fresh directions allowing Review Application and dismissing the Original Application by setting aside its judgment and order dated 22.10.2021 be passed.

6. Learned counsel for the respondent-applicant submits that there is no error apparent at the face of record as this Tribunal after hearing both the parties at length and after considering all the aspects of the case has passed the order dated 22.10.2021 allowing grant of service pension to husband of the applicant and family pension to the applicant. He further submits that vide letter dated 05.05.2009, issued by Ministry of Defence, in paragraph 5.1 provision of Special Pension has been given for which 15 years service is required which also corroborate the stand taken by applicant. He also submitted that it is a settled law that in absence of adequate pleadings in support of a contention, no relief can be granted to a party and the ground taken by respondents in Review Application was never raised at any point of time in the pleadings (Counter Affidavit) filed by the respondents in O.A. No. 554 of 2018, hence, it is against the provision of review application.

7. Learned counsel for the respondent-applicant placed reliance on the judgment of this Tribunal in O.A. No. 317 of 2020, Naresh Kumar Safaiwala vs. Union of India & Ors, decided on 03.03.2022 being a case of similar nature and pleaded for dismissal of Review Application filed by the respondents (Union of India).

8. Regulation 102 (c) of Pension Regulations for the Air Force, 1961 on the matter “**Individuals dismissed, removed or discharged under the Air Force Act**” is reproduced below :-

“102 (c). An individual who is discharged under the provisions of Air

Force Act and the rules made there under remains eligible for pension or gratuity under these Regulations.”

9. Regulation 145 of Pension Regulations for the Army, 1961 (Part-1), Sub Section II - Non Combatants (Enrolled) deals with grant of service pension to NCs (E) which is quoted below :-

“145. The minimum qualifying service for earning a service pension is 20 years.”

10. The benefit of judgment passed by this Tribunal in O.A. No. 317 of 2020, **Naresh Kumar Safaiwala vs. Union of India & Ors**, decided on 03.03.2022 cannot be granted to the respondent-applicant as in this case applicant was discharged from service just before 5 ½ months in completion of 20 years of pensionable service and therefore, shortfall of 5 months and 17 days was condoned as per rules which is condonable upto 1 year.

11. It is also not a case of Special Pension as claimed by respondent-applicant in which 15 years service is taken as pensionable service as submitted by the applicant in para 4 above rather applicant's case pertains to normal service pension for which 20 years qualifying service is required being a case of Non Combatants (Enrolled).

12. We have gone through the order dated 22.10.2021 and rules/regulations/policy letters/Pension Regulations governing grant of service pension to NCs (E), we find that while allowing the O.A., husband of the respondent-applicant was granted service pension and from the next date of death of her husband, applicant was granted family pension inadvertently assuming that minimum qualifying service for grant of service pension is 15 years whereas in the case in hand, it is 20 years as laid down in Regulation 145 of Pension Regulations for the Army, 1961 (Part-1). On careful scrutiny of the rules/regulations/policy letters/Pension Regulations governing the subject, we find that the respondent-applicant is not entitled to service pension/family pension. We, therefore, find that there is an error apparent at the face of record which requires to be corrected.

13. As a result of foregoing discussion, the Review Application is allowed

and order dated 22.10.2021 passed in O.A. No. 554 of 2018 by this Tribunal granting service pension to husband of the applicant and family pension to the applicant is set aside resulting dismissal of Original Application No. 554 of 2018.

14. The review applicants be informed accordingly.

**(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve)**  
Member (A)

**(Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava)**  
Member (J)

SB