Court No.1

ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW Original Application No. 426 of 2018

Thursday, this the 07th day of January 2021

Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J) Hon'ble Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve, Member (A)

No. 13692186 Ex Hav Gurusaran Singh, S/o Late Ram Saran Singh, R/o House No 83/9, Village- Near Baste Pur New Narayan Nagar, PO- Gora Bazar (Sadar) District – Rai Bareli, U.P.

	Applicant
0 16	01 'D '' (D I

Ld. Counsel for : Shri Parijaat Belaura, Applicant Advocate

Versus

- 1. Union of India, through Secretary, Ministry of Defence, New Delhi.
- 2. Addl Dte Gen Personnel Services, Adjutants General's Branch, Integrated Head Quarters, Ministry of Defence (ARMY), Room No 11, Plot No 108 (West), Barassey Avenue, Church Road, New Delhi 110001.
- 3. Officer In- Charge Records, Brigade of the Guards, PIN- 900746, C/o 56 APO.
- The Principal Controller of Defence Accounts (Pension), Draupadi Ghat, Allahabad (U.P.)

.....Respondents

Ld. Counsel for the : Shri Namit Sharma, Respondents Central Govt Counsel

ORDER

"Per Hon'ble Mr. Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava, Member (J)"

- 1. This Original Application has been filed under Section 14 of the Armed Forces Tribunal Act, 2007 whereby the applicant has claimed the following reliefs:-
 - (I) To set aside Order dated 28.08.2017 (Anx 1) and Order of first Appeal (After calling for records).
 - (II) To grant disability pension @ 50% and round of the same to 75% giving the benefit of govt. Of India, Min. Of Def. Letter dated 31.01.2001, w.e.f. date of discharge of applicant i.e. 28.02.2015.
 - (III) To pay arrear of disability pension along with 12% interest from the date of his discharge i.e. 28.02.2015 till it is actually paid.
 - (IV) Any other suitable relief this Hon'ble Court deems fit and proper may also be granted.
- 2. The undisputed factual matrix on record is that the applicant was enrolled in Indian Army on 06.02.1991 and was discharged from service on 28.02.2015 (AN) in low medical category S1H1A1P2E1(Permanent) under item 13 (3) III (iii) (i) of Army Rules, 1954. At the time of discharge Medical Board 26.12.2014 held on assessed disability "SOLITAUY FUNCTIONING KIDNEY (RT) SHRUNKEN KIDNEY. (LT) N-**27.0**" @ 50% for life and considered as neither attributable to nor aggravated by the military service. The petitioner was granted service pension with effect from 01.03.2015 for life.

Claim of the applicant for the grant of disability pension was rejected by the respondents and applicant was conveyed the same vide The Guards letter dated 10.06.2015 being neither attributable to nor aggravated by military service. Applicant preferred first and second appeal for grant of disability pension but the same were also rejected by the respondents vide orders dated 22.06.2016 and 28.08.2017 respectively. Being aggrieved, the applicant has approached this Tribunal for the grant of disability pension.

- 3. We have heard Shri Parijaat Belaura, Ld. Counsel for the applicant and Shri Namit Sharma, Ld. Counsel for the respondents and perused the record.
- 4. Learned counsel for the applicant submitted that since the applicant was enrolled in the army in medically fit condition and, thereafter, he has been retired from service in Low Medical Category with disability "SOLITAUY FUNCTIONING KIDNEY (RT) SHRUNKEN KIDNEY. (LT) N-27.0" 50% for life. He pleaded for the disability of the applicant to be considered as a result of stress and strain of military service. He pleaded that various Benches of the Armed Forces Tribunal have granted disability pension in similar cases, as such, the applicant is also entitled to disability pension and its rounding off to 75%.
- 5. Learned counsel for the respondents has not disputed that applicant suffered disability to the extent of 50% for life, but

submitted that competent authority while rejecting the claim of the applicant has viewed that disability was assessed @ 50% for life but disability qualifying for disability pension has been assessed as NIL for life and disability is found as neither attributable to nor aggravated by military service and not connected with military service, therefore, in terms of Para 173 of the Pension Regulations for the Army, 1961 (Part-I), the claim of the applicant for the grant of disability pension has correctly been rejected.

- 6. The question before us for consideration is simple and straight whether disability of applicant is attributable to or aggravated by military service?
- 7. The law on attributability of a disability has already been settled by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of *Dharamvir Singh vs. Union of India & Ors* (supra). In this case the Apex Court took note of the provisions of the Pensions Regulations, Entitlement Rules and the General Rules of Guidance to Medical Officers to sum up the legal position emerging from the same in the following words:
 - "29.1. Disability pension to be granted to an individual who is invalided from service on account of a disability which is attributable to or aggravated by military service in non-battle casualty and is assessed at 20% or over. The question whether a disability is attributable to or aggravated by military service to be determined under the Entitlement Rules for Casualty Pensionary Awards, 1982 of Appendix II (Regulation 173).

- 29.2. A member is to be presumed in sound physical and mental condition upon entering service if there is no note or record at the time of entrance. In the event of his subsequently being discharged from service on medical grounds any deterioration in his health is to be presumed due to service [Rule 5 read with Rule 14(b)].
- 29.3. The onus of proof is not on the claimant (employee), the corollary is that onus of proof that the condition for non-entitlement is with the employer. A claimant has a right to derive benefit of any reasonable doubt and is entitled for pensionary benefit more liberally (Rule 9).
- 29.4. If a disease is accepted to have been as having arisen in service, it must also be established that the conditions of military service determined or contributed to the onset of the disease and that the conditions were due to the circumstances of duty in military service [Rule 14(c)]. [pic]
- 29.5. If no note of any disability or disease was made at the time of individual's acceptance for military service, a disease which has led to an individual's discharge or death will be deemed to have arisen in service [Rule 14(b)].
- 29.6. If medical opinion holds that the disease could not have been detected on medical examination prior to the acceptance for service and that disease will not be deemed to have arisen during service, the Medical Board is required to state the reasons [Rule 14(b)]; and 29.7. It is mandatory for the Medical Board to follow the guidelines laid down in Chapter II of the Guide to Medical Officers (Military Pensions), 2002 "Entitlement: General Principles", including Paras 7, 8 and 9 as referred to above (para 27)."
- 8. Thus, considering all issues we have noted that Release Medical Board had not given any reason in support of its opinion, particularly when there is no note of such disease or disability available in the service record of the applicant at the time of acceptance for Military service. In absence of any evidence on record to show that the applicant was suffering from disease "SOLITAUY FUNCTIONING KIDNEY (RT) SHRUNKEN KIDNEY. (LT) N-27.0" at the time of acceptance of his service and the fact that the applicant had put in over 21 years of service when for the first time the disease was

detected in the year 2012, it will be presumed that the applicant was in sound physical and mental condition at the time of entering the service and deterioration in his health has taken place due to military service. Hence in the circumstances of the case, we are inclined to give the benefit of doubt as per the law settled on this matter vide Hon'ble Apex Court decision in the case of *Dharamvir Singh* (Supra). Therefore, we consider the disease of the applicant i.e. "SOLITAUY FUNCTIONING KIDNEY (RT) SHRUNKEN KIDNEY. (LT) N-27.0" as aggravated by military service.

- 9. On the issue of rounding off of disability pension, we are of the opinion that the case is squarely covered by the decision of *K.J.S. Buttar* vs. *Union of India and Others*, reported in (2011) 11 SCC 429 and Review Petition (C) No. 2688 of 2013 in Civil appeal No. 5591/2006, U.O.I. & Anr vs. K.J.S. Buttar and *Union of India* vs. *Ram Avtar & Others*, (Civil Appeal No. 418 of 2012 decided on 10 December, 2014. Hence the applicant is eligible for the benefit of rounding off also.
- 10. In view of the above the Original Application deserves to be allowed.
- 11. Accordingly O.A. is **allowed**. The impugned orders rejecting the claim for grant of disability pension passed by the respondents are set aside. The disability "SOLITAUY FUNCTIONING KIDNEY (RT) SHRUNKEN KIDNEY. (LT) N-

7

27.0" @ 50% for life is to be considered as aggravated by

military service. The respondents are directed to grant disability

element to the applicant from the date of discharge @ 50% for

life which would stand rounded off to 75% for life. The

respondents are further directed to give effect to this order

within a period of four months from the date of receipt of a

certified copy of this order. In case the respondents fail to give

effect to this order within the stipulated time, they will have to

pay interest @ 8% on the amount accrued from due date till the

date of actual payment.

12. No order as to costs.

(Vice Admiral Abhay Raghunath Karve) Member (A)

(Justice Umesh Chandra Srivastava) Member (J)

Dated: 07 January 2021