

Court No. 1

ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW

ORIGINAL APPLICATION No. 368 of 2024

Wednesday, this the 11th day of December, 2024

**“Hon’ble Mr. Justice Anil Kumar, Member (J)
Hon’ble Vice Admiral Atul Kumar Jain, Member (A)”**

No. JC-481868L, Sub. Unas Ali, S/o Safi Mohammad, Presently Resident of C/o H/Captain Ebrar Miyan (Retd), House No.594KA/KN029 Kataharibagh, Nilmatha Cantt., Lucknow - 226002, Uttar Pradesh.

..... **Applicant**

Ld. Counsel for the : **Shri Manoj Kumar Awasthi**, Advocate
Applicant

Versus

1. The Union of India, through the Secretary, Ministry of Defence (Army), New Delhi -110011.
2. The Chief of Army Staff, Headquarter, New Delhi -110011.
3. The Officer-in-Charge, Records, Record Office, Rajput Regiment, Abhiulekh Karyalaya, Fatehgarh, Uttar Pradesh.
4. The PCDA (Pension), Draupadi Ghat, Near Sadar Bazar, Prayagraj (U.P)-211014.

.....**Respondents**

Ld. Counsel for the : **Shri Arvind Kumar Pandey**, Advocate
Respondents. Central Govt. Standing Counsel

ORDER

“Per Hon’ble Mr. Justice Anil Kumar, Member (J)”

1. The instant Original Application has been filed under Section 14 of the Armed Forces Tribunal Act, 2007 for the following reliefs :-

- A. *To issue/pass an order to set-aside/quash the order no. JC481868/DP/PG Dated 31 December 2022 passed by respondent no. 3.*
- B. *To issue/pass an order or directions to the respondents to grant disability element of disability pension @37% from date of discharge i.e. 31.12.2022 along with 12% interest on arrear in light of Hon’ble Apex Court judgment.*
- C. *To issue/pass an order or directions to the respondents to grant subsequently benefit of rounding off/ broad-banding off disability pension @37% to 50% to the applicant from the date of discharge i.e. 31.12.2022 along with 12% interest on arrear in light of Hon’ble Apex Court judgment and Government letter dated 31.01.2001.*
- D. *To issue/pass any other order or direction as this Hon’ble Tribunal may deem just, fit and proper under the circumstances of the case in favour of the applicant.*
- E. *To allow this original application with costs.*

2. Briefly stated, applicant was enrolled in the Rajput Regiment of Indian Army on 29.12.1994 and discharged on 31.12.2022 in Low Medical Category on fulfilling the conditions of his enrolment under Rule 13 (3) Item III (i) (a) of the Army Rules, 1954. The

applicant is in receipt of Service Pension. Before discharge from service, the Release Medical Board (RMB) held at 150 General Hospital on 29.10.2022 assessed his disabilities (i) '**PRIMARY HYPERTENSION (I10)**' @30%, (ii) '**SIMPLE OBESITY (E66)**' @05% and (iii) '**DYSLIPIDEMIA (E78.5)**' @05%, **composite disabilities @37% for life** and opined the disabilities to be neither attributable to nor aggravated (NANA) by service. The applicant's claim for grant of disability element of disability pension was rejected vide letter dated 31.12.2022. The applicant preferred First Appeal dated 16.05.2023 but of no avail. It is in this perspective that the applicant has preferred the present Original Application.

3. Learned Counsel for the applicant pleaded that at the time of enrolment, the applicant was found mentally and physically fit for service in the Army and there is no note in the service documents that he was suffering from any disease at the time of enrolment in Army. The diseases of the applicant were contracted during the service, hence they are attributable to and aggravated by Military Service. He pleaded that various Benches of Armed Forces Tribunal have granted disability pension in similar cases, as such the applicant be granted disability element of disability pension and its rounding off to 50%.

4. On the other hand, Ld. Counsel for the respondents contended that composite disabilities of the applicant @37% for life have been regarded as NANA by the RMB, hence as per

Regulation 53(a) of the Pension Regulations for the Army, 2008 (Part-I) which provides that *“An individual released/retired/discharged on completion of terms of engagement or on completion of service limits or on attaining the prescribed age (irrespective of his period of engagement), if found suffering from a disability attributable to or aggravated by military service and so recorded by Release Medical Board, may be granted disability element in addition to service pension or service gratuity from the date of retirement/discharge, if the accepted degree of disability is assessed at 20% or more”* the applicant is not entitled to disability element of disability pension. Ld. Counsel for the respondents further contended that as per para 5 & 6 of Entitlements Rules for Casualty pensionary Awards to Armed Forces Personnel-2008, the casual connection between the military service and disability has to be established by the appropriate authorities and mere fact that a disease has manifested during military services does not per se established attributability to or aggravation by military service. Further, in the instant case since the applicant is not entitled for the grant of disability element of disability pension the question for the grant of benefit of rounding off of disability does not arise. He further submitted that the applicant has not preferred First and Second Appeals against the initial rejection of applicant's claim for the grant of disability element of disability pension. He pleaded for dismissal of the Original Application.

5. We have heard Ld. Counsel for the applicant as also Ld. Counsel for the respondents. We have also gone through the Release Medical Board proceedings as well as the records and we find that the questions which need to be answered are two folds:-

- (a) Whether the disabilities of the applicant are attributable to or aggravated by Military Service?
- (b) Whether the applicant is entitled for the benefit of rounding off the disability element of disability pension?

6. The law on attributability of a disability has already been settled by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of ***Dharamvir Singh Versus Union of India & Others***, reported in (2013) 7 Supreme Court Cases 316. In this case the Apex Court took note of the provisions of the Pensions Regulations, Entitlement Rules and the General Rules of Guidance to Medical Officers to sum up the legal position emerging from the same in the following words.

"29.1. Disability pension to be granted to an individual who is invalided from service on account of a disability which is attributable to or aggravated by military service in non-battle casualty and is assessed at 20% or over. The question whether a disability is attributable to or aggravated by military service to be determined under the Entitlement Rules for Casualty Pensionary Awards, 1982 of Appendix II (Regulation 173).

29.2. A member is to be presumed in sound physical and mental condition upon entering service if there is no note or record at the time of entrance. In the event of his subsequently being discharged from service on medical grounds any

deterioration in his health is to be presumed due to service [Rule 5 read with Rule 14(b)].

29.3. The onus of proof is not on the claimant (employee), the corollary is that onus of proof that the condition for non-entitlement is with the employer. A claimant has a right to derive benefit of any reasonable doubt and is entitled for pensionary benefit more liberally (Rule 9).

29.4. If a disease is accepted to have been as having arisen in service, it must also be established that the conditions of military service determined or contributed to the onset of the disease and that the conditions were due to the circumstances of duty in military service [Rule 14(c)]. [pic]

29.5. If no note of any disability or disease was made at the time of individual's acceptance for military service, a disease which has led to an individual's discharge or death will be deemed to have arisen in service [Rule 14(b)].

29.6. If medical opinion holds that the disease could not have been detected on medical examination prior to the acceptance for service and that disease will not be deemed to have arisen during service, the Medical Board is required to state the reasons [Rule 14(b)]; and 29.7. It is mandatory for the Medical Board to follow the guidelines laid down in Chapter II of the Guide to Medical Officers (Military Pensions), 2002 - "Entitlement: General Principles", including Paras 7, 8 and 9 as referred to above (para 27)."

7. In view of the settled position of law on attributability, we find that the RMB has denied attributability to the applicant only by endorsing that the first disability '**PRIMARY HYPERTENSION (I10)**' is neither attributable to nor aggravated (NANA) by service on the ground of onset of disability in March, 2022 while posted in Peace location (Ferozepur, Punjab), therefore, applicant is not entitled to disability element of disability pension. However,

considering the facts and circumstances of the case, we are of the opinion that this reasoning of Release Medical Board for denying disability element of disability pension to applicant is cryptic, not convincing and doesn't reflect the complete truth on the matter. Peace Stations have their own pressure of rigorous military training and associated stress and strain of military service. The applicant was enrolled in Indian Army on 29.12.1994 and the first disability has started after more than 27 years of Army service i.e. in March, 2022. We are therefore of the considered opinion that the benefit of doubt in these circumstances should be given to the applicant in view of ***Dharamvir Singh vs Union of India & Ors*** (supra), and the first disability of the applicant should be considered as aggravated by military service.

8. However, with regard to second and third disabilities i.e. '**SIMPLE OBESITY (E66)**' and '**DYSLIPIDEMIA (E78.5)**' we are agree with the opinion of the RMB as NANA as they are life style diseases and metabolic disorder.

9. The law on the point of rounding off of disability pension is no more RES INTEGRA in view of Hon'ble Supreme Court judgment in the case of ***Union of India and Ors vs Ram Avtar & ors*** (Civil appeal No 418 of 2012 decided on 10th December 2014). In this Judgment the Hon'ble Apex Court nodded in disapproval of the policy of the Government of India in granting the benefit of rounding off of disability pension only to the personnel who have

been invalidated out of service and denying the same to the personnel who have retired on attaining the age of superannuation or on completion of their tenure of engagement. The relevant portion of the decision is excerpted below:-

“4. By the present set of appeals, the appellant (s) raise the question, whether or not, an individual, who has retired on attaining the age of superannuation or on completion of his tenure of engagement, if found to be suffering from some disability which is attributable to or aggravated by the military service, is entitled to be granted the benefit of rounding off of disability pension. The appellant(s) herein would contend that, on the basis of Circular No 1(2)/97/D (Pen-C) issued by the Ministry of Defence, Government of India, dated 31.01.2001, the aforesaid benefit is made available only to an Armed Forces Personnel who is invalidated out of service, and not to any other category of Armed Forces Personnel mentioned hereinabove.

5. We have heard Learned Counsel for the parties to the lis.

6. We do not see any error in the impugned judgment (s) and order(s) and therefore, all the appeals which pertain to the concept of rounding off of the disability pension are dismissed, with no order as to costs.

7. The dismissal of these matters will be taken note of by the High Courts as well as by the Tribunals in granting appropriate relief to the pensioners before them, if any, who are getting or are entitled to the disability pension.

8. This Court grants six weeks’ time from today to the appellant(s) to comply with the orders and directions passed by us.”

10. Additionally, consequent upon the issue of Government of India, Ministry of Defence letter No. 17(01)/2017/D(Pen/Policy) dated 23.01.2018, Principal Controller of Defence Accounts

(Pensions), Prayagraj has issued Circular No. 596 dated 09.02.2018 wherein it is provided that the cases where Armed Forces Pensioners who were retired/discharged voluntary or otherwise with disability and they were in receipt of Disability/War Injury Element as on 31.12.2015, their extent of disability/War Injury Element shall be re-computed in the manner given in the said Circular which is applicable with effect from 01.01.2016.

11. As such, in view of the decision of Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of ***Union of India and Ors vs Ram Avtar & ors (supra)*** as well as Government of India, Ministry of Defence letter No.17(01)/2017/D(Pen/Policy) dated 23.01.2018, we are of the considered view that benefit of rounding off of disability element of disability pension @30% for life to be rounded off to 50% for life may be extended to the applicant for the first disability from the next date of his discharge.

12. In view of the above, the **Original Application No. 368 of 2024** deserves to be partly allowed, hence **partly allowed**. The impugned order, rejecting the applicant's claim for grant of disability element of disability pension, is set aside. The first disability of the applicant is held as aggravated by Army Service. The second and third disabilities of the applicant are held as NANA as have been opined by the RMB. The applicant is entitled to get disability element @30% for life which would be rounded off to 50% for life for the first disability from the next date of his discharge.

The respondents are directed to grant disability element to the applicant @30% for life which would stand rounded off to 50% for life for the first disability from the next date of his discharge. The respondents are further directed to give effect to this order within a period of four months from the date of receipt of a certified copy of this order. Default will invite interest @ 8% per annum till the actual payment.

13. No order as to costs.

(Vice Admiral Atul Kumar Jain)
Member (A)

(Justice Anil Kumar)
Member (J)

Dated : 11 December, 2024

Ashok/AKD/-