

**E. Court**

**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW  
CIRCUIT BENCH AT NAINITAL  
(THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING)**

**ORIGINAL APPLICATION No. 924 of 2024**

Thursday, this the 06<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2025

**“Hon’ble Mr. Justice Anil Kumar, Member (J)  
Hon’ble Vice Admiral Atul Kumar Jain, Member (A)”**

No. 14403070N Ex. Hav. Ram Singh Rawat, S/o Gopal Singh,  
R/o Laxmi Niwas Road No. 6, Shanti Kunj, 1<sup>st</sup> Peerumadara  
Ramanagar, Uttarakhand-244715.

**..... Applicant**

Ld. Counsel for the : **Shri Kishore Rai**, Advocate  
Applicant

Versus

1. Union of India, Ministry of Defence through its Secretary,  
South Block, New Delhi-110001.
2. P.C.D.A. (P), Allahabad, Uttar Pradesh.
3. Chief of Army staff, Army Headquarters, New Delhi-110001.
4. Senior Records Officer, Artillery Records, Nasik Road  
Camp, Maharashtra.

**.....Respondents**

Ld. Counsel for the : **Shri Rajesh Sharma**, Advocate  
Respondents. Central Govt. Standing Counsel

## ORDER

**“Per Hon’ble Mr. Justice Anil Kumar, Member (J)”**

1. The instant Original Application has been filed under Section 14 of the Armed Forces Tribunal Act, 2007 for the following reliefs :-

- i. A direction to quash the order dated 20.09.2021 passed by respondent no. 4 (contained as Annexure No. 4 to this original application) or to*
- ii. A direction to grant the disability pension to the applicant from the date of his retirement i.e. 01.10.2008 along with rounding of to the tune of 75%.*
- iii. to summon the entire records of the applicant pertaining to computation of his disability pension.*
- iv. Any other relief to which the applicant is found entitled may also very kindly be granted to the applicant.*

2. Briefly stated, applicant was enrolled in the Regiment of Artillery of Indian Army on 26.04.1990 and discharged on 30.09.2008 being placed in medical category lower than ‘AYE’ and not upto the prescribed military physical standard under Rule 13 (3) Item III (v) of the Army Rules, 1954. The applicant is in receipt of service pension. Before discharge from service, the Release Medical Board (RMB) held at Military Hospital, Allahabad (now Prayagraj) on 25.04.2008 assessed his disabilities (i) **‘TYPE-II DIABEES MELLITUS E-11’ @20%** and (ii) **‘PRIMARY HYPERTENSION I-10’ @30%, composite disabilities @50% for life** and opined the disabilities to be neither attributable to nor

aggravated (NANA) by service. The applicant's claim for grant of disability element of disability pension was rejected vide letter dated 04.06.2009. The applicant preferred First Appeal dated 12.08.2021 which too was rejected vide letter dated 20.09.2021. The applicant preferred Mercy Appeal dated 06.01.2022 but of no avail. The applicant also preferred Second Appeal dated 06.01.2022 and representation dated 13.03.2023 which too were rejected vide letters dated 28.03.2023. It is in this perspective that the applicant has preferred the present Original Application.

3. Learned Counsel for the applicant pleaded that at the time of enrolment, the applicant was found mentally and physically fit for service in the Army and there is no note in the service documents that he was suffering from any disease at the time of enrolment in Army. The diseases of the applicant were contracted during the service, hence they are attributable to and aggravated by Military Service. He pleaded that various Benches of Armed Forces Tribunal have granted disability pension in similar cases, as such the applicant be granted disability element of disability pension and its rounding off to 75%.

4. On the other hand, Ld. Counsel for the respondents contended that composite disability of the applicant @50% for life have been regarded as NANA by the RMB, hence as per Regulation 53(a) of the Pension Regulations for the Army, 2008 (Part-I) which provides that "*An individual released/retired/*

*discharged on completion of terms of engagement or on completion of service limits or on attaining the prescribed age (irrespective of his period of engagement), if found suffering from a disability attributable to or aggravated by military service and so recorded by Release Medical Board, may be granted disability element in addition to service pension or service gratuity from the date of retirement/discharge, if the accepted degree of disability is assessed at 20% or more”* and Regulation 81 of Pension Regulations for the Army, 2008 (Part-I) which provides that *“Service personnel who is invalided from service on account of a disability which is attributable to or aggravated by such service may, be granted a disability pension consisting of service element and disability element in accordance with the Regulations in this section”* the applicant is not entitled to disability element of disability pension. Ld. Counsel for the respondents further contended that since the applicant is not entitled for the grant of disability element of disability pension the question of rounding off of disability pension does not arise. He pleaded for dismissal of the Original Application.

5. We have heard Ld. Counsel for the applicant as also Ld. Counsel for the respondents. We have also gone through the Release Medical Board proceedings as well as the records and we find that the questions which need to be answered are two folds:-

- (a) Whether the disabilities of the applicant are attributable to or aggravated by Military Service?
- (b) Whether the applicant is entitled for the benefit of rounding off the disability element of disability pension?

6. The law on attributability of a disability has already been settled by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of ***Dharamvir Singh Versus Union of India & Others***, reported in (2013) 7 Supreme Court Cases 316. In this case the Apex Court took note of the provisions of the Pensions Regulations, Entitlement Rules and the General Rules of Guidance to Medical Officers to sum up the legal position emerging from the same in the following words.

*"29.1. Disability pension to be granted to an individual who is invalided from service on account of a disability which is attributable to or aggravated by military service in non-battle casualty and is assessed at 20% or over. The question whether a disability is attributable to or aggravated by military service to be determined under the Entitlement Rules for Casualty Pensionary Awards, 1982 of Appendix II (Regulation 173).*

*29.2. A member is to be presumed in sound physical and mental condition upon entering service if there is no note or record at the time of entrance. In the event of his subsequently being discharged from service on medical grounds any deterioration in his health is to be presumed due to service [Rule 5 read with Rule 14(b)].*

*29.3. The onus of proof is not on the claimant (employee), the corollary is that onus of proof that the condition for non-entitlement is with the employer. A claimant has a right to derive benefit of any reasonable doubt and is entitled for pensionary benefit more liberally (Rule 9).*

*29.4. If a disease is accepted to have been as having arisen in service, it must also be established that the conditions of military service determined or contributed to the onset of the disease and that the conditions were due to the circumstances of duty in military service [Rule 14(c)]. [pic]*

*29.5. If no note of any disability or disease was made at the time of individual's acceptance for military service, a disease which has led to an individual's discharge or death will be deemed to have arisen in service [Rule 14(b)].*

*29.6. If medical opinion holds that the disease could not have been detected on medical examination prior to the acceptance for service and that disease will not be deemed to have arisen during service, the Medical Board is required to state the reasons [Rule 14(b)]; and 29.7. It is mandatory for the Medical Board to follow the guidelines laid down in Chapter II of the Guide to Medical Officers (Military Pensions), 2002 - "Entitlement: General Principles", including Paras 7, 8 and 9 as referred to above (para 27)."*

7. In view of the settled position of law on attributability, we find that the RMB has denied attributability to the applicant only by endorsing that the disabilities '**TYPE-II DIABETES MELLITUS E-11**' and '**PRIMARY HYPERTENSION I-10**' are neither attributable to nor aggravated (NANA) by service on the ground of onset of disabilities on 10.09.2006 and 18.11.2007 while posted in Peace location and constitutional disorder, therefore, applicant is not entitled to disability element of disability pension. However, considering the facts and circumstances of the case, we are of the opinion that this reasoning of Release Medical Board for denying disability element of disability pension to applicant is cryptic, not convincing and doesn't reflect the complete truth on the matter.

Peace Stations have their own pressure of rigorous military training and associated stress and strain of military service. The applicant was enrolled in Indian Army on 26.04.1990 and the disabilities have started after more than 16 and 17 years of Army service respectively i.e. on 10.09.2006 and 18.11.2007. With regard to overweight, we find that applicant's ideal weight was 63 Kg whereas the actual weight was 69 Kg, over weight is 6 Kg which is 9.52% i.e. less than 20%. As such it cannot be said that the cause of disabilities is overweight. We are therefore of the considered opinion that the benefit of doubt in these circumstances should be given to the applicant in view of ***Dharamvir Singh vs Union of India & Ors*** (supra), and both the disabilities of the applicant should be considered as aggravated by military service.

8. The law on the point of rounding off of disability pension is no more RES INTEGRA in view of Hon'ble Supreme Court judgment in the case of ***Union of India and Ors vs Ram Avtar & ors*** (Civil appeal No 418 of 2012 decided on 10<sup>th</sup> December 2014). In this Judgment the Hon'ble Apex Court nodded in disapproval of the policy of the Government of India in granting the benefit of rounding off of disability pension only to the personnel who have been invalided out of service and denying the same to the personnel who have retired on attaining the age of superannuation or on completion of their tenure of engagement. The relevant portion of the decision is excerpted below:-

*“4. By the present set of appeals, the appellant (s) raise the question, whether or not, an individual, who has retired on attaining the age of superannuation or on completion of his tenure of engagement, if found to be suffering from some disability which is attributable to or aggravated by the military service, is entitled to be granted the benefit of rounding off of disability pension. The appellant(s) herein would contend that, on the basis of Circular No 1(2)/97/D (Pen-C) issued by the Ministry of Defence, Government of India, dated 31.01.2001, the aforesaid benefit is made available only to an Armed Forces Personnel who is invalidated out of service, and not to any other category of Armed Forces Personnel mentioned hereinabove.*

*5. We have heard Learned Counsel for the parties to the lis.*

*6. We do not see any error in the impugned judgment (s) and order(s) and therefore, all the appeals which pertain to the concept of rounding off of the disability pension are dismissed, with no order as to costs.*

*7. The dismissal of these matters will be taken note of by the High Courts as well as by the Tribunals in granting appropriate relief to the pensioners before them, if any, who are getting or are entitled to the disability pension.*

*8. This Court grants six weeks’ time from today to the appellant(s) to comply with the orders and directions passed by us.”*

9. Additionally, consequent upon the issue of Government of India, Ministry of Defence letter No. 17(01)/2017/D(Pen/Policy) dated 23.01.2018, Principal Controller of Defence Accounts (Pensions), Prayagraj has issued Circular No. 596 dated 09.02.2018 wherein it is provided that the cases where Armed Forces Pensioners who were retired/discharged voluntary or otherwise with disability and they were in receipt of Disability/War



Injury Element as on 31.12.2015, their extent of disability/War Injury Element shall be re-computed in the manner given in the said Circular which is applicable with effect from 01.01.2016.

10. It is also observed that claim for pension is based on continuing wrong and relief can be granted if such continuing wrong creates a continuing source of injury. In the case of ***Shiv Dass vs. Union of India***, reported in 2007 (3) SLR 445, Hon'ble Apex Court has observed:

*“In the case of pension the cause of action actually continues from month to month. That, however, cannot be a ground to overlook delay in filing the petition. It would depend upon the fact of each case. If petition is filed beyond a reasonable period say three years normally the Court would reject the same or restrict the relief which could be granted to a reasonable period of about three years. The High Court did not examine whether on merit appellant had a case. If on merits it would have found that there was no scope for interference, it would have dismissed the writ petition on that score alone.”*

11. As such, in view of the decision of Hon'ble Supreme Court in the cases of ***Union of India and Ors vs Ram Avtar & ors (supra)*** and ***Shiv Dass (supra)*** as well as Government of India, Ministry of Defence letter No.17(01)/2017/D(Pen/Policy) dated 23.01.2018, we are of the considered view that benefit of rounding off of disability element of disability pension @50% for life to be rounded off to 75% for life may be extended to the applicant from three preceding years from the date of filing of the Original Application.

12. In view of the above, the **Original Application No. 924 of 2024** deserves to be partly allowed, hence **partly allowed**. The impugned orders, rejecting the applicant's claim for grant of disability element of disability pension, are set aside. Both the disabilities of the applicant are held as aggravated by Army Service. The applicant is entitled to get disability element @50% for life which would be rounded off to 75% for life w.e.f. three years preceding the date of filing of Original Application. The respondents are directed to grant disability element to the applicant @50% for life which would stand rounded off to 75% for life w.e.f. three years preceding the date of filing of Original Application. The date of filing of Original Application is 12.09.2024. The respondents are further directed to give effect to this order within a period of four months from the date of receipt of a certified copy of this order. Default will invite interest @8% per annum till the actual payment.

13. No order as to costs.

(Vice Admiral Atul Kumar Jain)  
Member (A)

(Justice Anil Kumar)  
Member (J)

Dated : 06 March, 2025

AKD/-