Form No. 4 {See rule 11(1)} ORDER SHEET

ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW <u>Court No. 1 - By Circulation</u>

R.A. No. 03 of 2025 Inre: O.A. No. 1248 of 2023

No. 4198964M, Ex. Sep. Vijay Singh

Applicant

By Legal Practitioner for the Applicant : Shri Rohitash Kumar Sharma, Advocate

Versus

Union of India & Others

Respondents

	Practitioner for Respondents : Shri Rajeev Narayan Pandey, Advocate
Notes of	
the Registry	
Registry	
	17.03.2025 Hon'ble Mr. Justice Anil Kumar, Member (J)
	Hon'ble Maj. Gen. Sanjay Singh, Member (A)
	1. The file has been placed before us by Circulation.
	2. The Review Application filed by the applicant under Rule 18 of the
	Armed Forces Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 2008 by which applicant has prayed
	for review and setting aside the judgement and order dated 03.02.2025 of this
	Tribunal passed in Original Application No. 1248 of 2023 by which the Original
	Application has been dismissed. The applicant has taken ground that the
	submission orally given by the Counsel for the applicant during final hearing of
	Original Application on 03.02.2025 was not taken on record. On that date, it
	was submitted by the Ld. Counsel for the applicant that the applicant was
	invalided out from service and as the policy was vogue at that time, before
	being discharged from service. His submission in Rejoinder Affidavit and his
	oral submission dated 03.02.2025 was not considered before deciding the
	Original Application. As such there is error apparent on record.
	3. It is a settled proposition of law that the scope of the review is limited
	and until it is shown that there is error apparent on the face of record in the
	judgment and order sought to be reviewed, the same cannot be reviewed.
	4. For ready reference, Order 47, Rule 1 sub-rule (1) of the Code of Civil
	Procedure, 1908 is reproduced below :-
	"1. Application for review of judgment (1) any person considering
	himself aggrieved- (a) by a decree or order from which an appeal is allowed, but from
	which no appeal has been preferred,
	(b) by a decree or order from which no appeal is allowed, or (c) by a decision on a reference from a Court of Small Causes, and
	who, from the discovery of new and important matter or evidence which, after the exercise of due diligence, was not within his knowledge
	or could not be produced by him at the time when the decree was
	passed or order made, or on account of some mistake or error apparent on the face of the record, or for any other sufficient reason, desires to
	obtain a review of the decree passed or order made against him, may
	apply for a review of judgment to the Court which passed the decree or

made the order."

- 5. In view of the principles of law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in various decisions, it is settled that the scope of review jurisdiction is very limited and re-hearing is not permissible. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in Para 9 of its judgment in the case of *Parsion Devi and others vs. Sumitri Devi and others*, reported in (1997) 8 Supreme Court Cases 715, has observed as under:-
 - "9. Under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC a judgment may be open to review inter alia if there is a mistake or an error apparent on the face of the record. An error which is not self- evident and has to be detected by a process of reasoning, can hardly be said to be an error apparent on the face of the record justifying the court to exercise its power of review under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC. In exercise of the jurisdiction under Order 47, Rule 1 CPC it is not permissible for an erroneous decision to be "reheard and corrected". There is a clear distinction between an erroneous decision and an error apparent on the face of the record. While the first can be corrected by the higher forum, the latter only can be corrected by exercise of the review jurisdiction. A review petition has a limited purpose and cannot be allowed to be "an appeal in disguise."
- 6. Further, the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Para 26 of its judgment in the case of *S. Madhusudhan Reddy Versus V. Narayana Reddy and Others*, Civil Appeal Nos. 5503-04 of 2022, decided on 18.08.2022, has observed as under:-
 - "26. As can be seen from the above exposition of law, it has been consistently held by this Court in several judicial pronouncements that the Court's jurisdiction of review, is not the same as that of an appeal. A judgment can be open to review if there is a mistake or an error apparent on the face of the record, but an error that has to be detected by a process of reasoning, cannot be described as an error apparent on the face of the record for the Court to exercise its powers of review under Order XLVII Rule 1 CPC. In the guise of exercising powers of review, the Court can correct a mistake but not substitute the view taken earlier merely because there is a possibility of taking two views in a matter. A judgment may also be open to review when any new or important matter of evidence has emerged after passing of the judgment, subject to the condition that such evidence was not within the knowledge of the party seeking review or could not be produced by it when the order was made despite undertaking an exercise of due diligence. There is a clear distinction between an erroneous decision as against an error apparent on the face of the record. An erroneous decision can be corrected by the Superior Court, however an error apparent on the face of the record can only be corrected by exercising review jurisdiction. Yet another circumstance referred to in Order XLVII Rule 1 for reviewing a judgment has been described as "for any other sufficient reason". The said phrase has been explained to mean "a reason sufficient on grounds, at least analogous to those specified in the rule"
- 7. In the light of the legal position crystalized above, we have gone through the judgment and order sought to be reviewed and no illegality or irregularity or error apparent on the face of record being found therein, we are of the view that there is no force in the grounds taken in the review application so that order may be reviewed.
- 8. In the result, Review Application is **rejected**.

(Maj. Gen. Sanjay Singh) Member (A) (Justice Anil Kumar) Member (J)

AKD/-