

ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL REGIONAL BENCH, LUCKNOW**R.A. No. 59 of 2023 Inre O.A. No. 376 of 2023****Tuesday, the 03rd day of October, 2023****“Hon’ble Mr. Justice Ravindra Nath Kakkar, Member (J)
Hon’ble Vice Admiral Atul Kumar Jain, Member (A)”**

No. 14623749-K Ex Nk Bhimjee Pandey, S/o Suresh Pandey,
Presently Residing at 24A/100A, In front of Bank of Baroda, Chak
Mundera, Near Shakuntala Kunj, Panghat Pull, Prayagraj, U.P.-
211012.

.....Review Applicant

Ld. Counsel for the : **Shri Bhanu Pratap Singh**
Applicant **Chauhan, Advocate.**

Versus

Union of India through Secretary, Ministry of Defence, South Block,
New Delhi – 110011.

Ld. Counsel for the : **Shri JN Mishra,**
Respondents **Central Govt Counsel**

.....Respondents

ORDER**“Per Hon’ble Mr. Justice Ravindra Nath Kakkar, Member (J)”**

1. The applicant has filed this Review Application under Rule 18 of the Armed Forces Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 2008 with the prayer to review judgement and order dated 18.07.2023 to the extent that, the percentage assessment of applicant’s first ID (1) FRACTURE LV1 may be assessed as has been contemplated under the provisions of Guide to Medical Officers, 2008. By means of judgment and order dated 18.07.2023 passed in O.A. No 376 of 2023 direction was given to respondents to mention assessment of applicant’s second disability (SPONTENIOUS DVT (LT) LOWER LIMB) in the respective column of the Appeal Medical Board or to conduct a fresh medical board of the applicant to assess his second disability (SPONTENIOUS DVT (LT) LOWER LIMB) mentioning degree of disablement therein.

2. We have gone through the grounds and reasons indicated in the affidavit filed in support of the application and have also gone through the judgment and order sought to be reviewed. The judgment and order sought to be reviewed was passed in proper prospective after considering all the facts and circumstances. No illegality or irregularity or error apparent on the face of record has

been shown to us so as to review the aforesaid judgment of this Court.

3. It is settled proposition of law that the scope of the review is limited and the petitioner has to show that there is error apparent on the face of the record. For ready reference the Order 47 Rule 1 Sub Rule (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure is reproduced below :-

“1. Application for review of judgment.- (1) any person considering himself aggrieved---

(a) by a decree or order from which an appeal is allowed, but from which no appeal has been preferred,

(b) by a decree or order from which no appeal is allowed by this Code, or

(c) by a decision on a reference from a Court of Small Causes, and who, from the discovery of new and important matter or evidence which, after the exercise of due diligence, was not within his knowledge or could not be produced by him at the time when the decree was passed or order made, or on account of some mistake or error apparent on the face of the record , or for any other sufficient reason, desires to obtain a review of the decree passed or order made against him, may apply for a review of judgment of the Court which passed the decree or made the order.”

4. In view of the principles of law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in various decisions, it is settled that the scope of review jurisdiction is very limited and re-hearing is not permissible. Hon'ble the Supreme Court in Para 9 of its judgment in the case of **Parsion Devi and Others vs. Sumitri Devi and others** reported in (1997) 8 Supreme Court Cases 715, has observed as under :-

“9. Under Order 47 Rule 1 CPC a judgment may be open to review inter alia if there is a mistake or an error apparent on the face of the record. An error which is not self evident and has to be detected by a process of reasoning, can hardly be said to be an error apparent on the face of the record justifying the court to exercise its power review under Order 47 Rule 1 CPC. In exercise of the jurisdiction under Order 47 Rule 1 CPC it is not permissible for an erroneous decision to be "reheard and corrected". There is a clear distinction between an erroneous decision and an error apparent on the face of the record. While the first can be corrected by the higher forum, the latter only can be corrected by exercise of the review jurisdiction. A review petition has a limited purpose and cannot be allowed to be "an appeal in disguise."

5. In the instant case, the details mentioned in the review application had already been taken into consideration and discussed in detail and thereafter, the order was passed. In view of the principle of law laid down by Hon'ble the Apex Court in the case of **Parsion Devi and Others** (supra), we are of the considered view that there is no error apparent on the face of record in the impugned order dated 18.07.2023 passed in O.A. No 376 of 2023, which may be corrected in exercise of review jurisdiction.

6. Accordingly, the Review Application No. 59 of 2023 is **rejected**. There shall be no order as to costs. The applicant may be informed accordingly.

(Vice Admiral Atun Kumar Jain)
Member (A)

(Justice Ravindra Nath Kakkar)
Member (J)

Dated : 03 October, 2023

ukt/-