

**ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL, REGIONAL BENCH,
LUCKNOW**

Original Application No 1100 of 2022

Friday, this the 21st day of April, 2023

“Hon’ble Mr. Justice Ravindra Nath Kakkar, Member (J)”
“Hon’ble Vice Admiral Atul Kumar Jain, Member (A)”

673344-A MWO (HFL) Ramesh Chander (Retd) S/o Late Sh. Balbir Singh H. No: 749, Street No: 22, New Karhera Colony, Near Hindan Air Force, PO: Mohan Nagar, Distt: Ghaziabad, UP - 201007.

-----Applicant

Ld. Counsel for the Applicant: **Shri Abhay Kant Upadhyay,
Shri Madan Pal Vats,
Shri Raj Kumar Mishra,
Advocates**

Versus

1. The Union of India, through its Secretary, Ministry of Defence, 101 - A, South Block, New Delhi - 110003.
2. The Chief of Air Staff, Vayu Sena Bhawan, Rajpath Road Area, Central Secretariat, New Delhi - 110011.
3. The Directorate of Air Veterans (Dir - III), Air Headquarters (AFRO Building), Subroto Park, New Delhi - 110010.
4. The Joint Controller Defence Accounts, Air Headquarters (AFRO Building), Subroto Park, New Delhi - 110010.

..... Respondents

Ld. Counsel for the Respondents : **Shri Arvind Kumar Pandey,
Central Govt. Counsel.**

ORDER(ORAL)

“Per Hon’ble Mr. Justice Ravindra Nath Kakkar, Member (J)”

1. The instant Original Application has been filed on behalf of the applicant under Section 14 of the Armed Forces Tribunal Act, 2007 for the following reliefs:-

- “(a) To issue an Order or Direction of appropriate nature to set aside/quash the impugned orders dated 14 Jul 2021 and 24 Nov 2022 (ANNEXURE - A1 (Colly)).*
- (b) To issue an Order or Direction of appropriate nature to respondents directing them to grant the applicant disability pension w.e.f 01 Jan 2021.*
- (c) To issue an order or direction to the respondents to round off the disability pension from 30% for life to 50% for life.*
- (d) To pass any such further Order or Orders as deemed fit to this Hon’ble Tribunal to secure the ends of justice.*
- (e) Allow this application with exemplary cost.”*

2. Briefly stated, applicant was enrolled in the Indian Air Force on 25.07.1981 and discharged on 31.12.2020 (AN) in Low Medical Category on fulfilling the conditions of his enrolment. At the time of

discharge from service, the Release Medical Board (RMB) assessed his disabilities (i) '**HYPOTHYROIDISM**' @15% for life and (ii) '**PREDIABETES**' @20% for **composite disabilities @30% for life** and opined the disabilities to be neither attributable to nor aggravated (NANA) by service. The applicant's claim for grant of disability pension was rejected vide letter dated 14.07.2021. Applicant preferred first appeal dated 27.09.2022 which is still pending before the respondents. Applicant also filed legal notice for grant of disability pension which was rejected by the respondents vide order dated 24.11.2022. It is in this perspective that the applicant has preferred the present Original Application.

3. Learned Counsel for the applicant pleaded that at the time of enrolment, the applicant was found mentally and physically fit for service in the Air Force and there is no note in the service documents that he was suffering from any disease at the time of enrolment in Air Force. The diseases of the applicant were contracted during the service, hence they are attributable to and aggravated by Air Force Service. He pleaded that various Benches of Armed Forces Tribunal have granted disability element of disability pension in similar cases, as such the applicant be granted disability element of disability pension and its rounding off to 50%.

4. On the other hand, Ld. Counsel for the respondents contended that applicant was discharged from service on completion of terms of engagement after rendering 39 years of service. RMB assessed disability '**HYPOTHYROIDIM**' and '**PREDIABETES**' as neither attributable to nor aggravated by Air Force service with 30% disablement and NIL percentage of disability qualifying for disability pension for life. The disease has no casual connection to Air Force service. As such, under the provisions of Rule 153 of Pension Regulations for Indian Air Force 1961 (Part 1), his claim for disability pension has rightly been rejected by the respondents. The applicant is not entitled to disability element of disability pension as his disabilities are assessed as NANA. He submitted that the instant Original Application does not have any merit and the same is to be dismissed.

5. We have heard Ld. Counsel for the applicant as also Ld. Counsel for the respondents. We have also gone through the Release Medical Board proceedings as well as the records and we find that the questions which need to be answered are of two folds:-

- (a) Whether the disabilities of the applicant are attributable to or aggravated by Air Force Service?

(b) Whether the applicant is entitled for the benefit of rounding off the disability element of disability pension?

6. The law on attributability of a disability has already been settled by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of ***Dharamvir Singh Versus Union of India & Others***, reported in(2013) 7 Supreme Court Cases 316. In this case the Apex Court took note of the provisions of the Pensions Regulations, Entitlement Rules and the General Rules of Guidance to Medical Officers to sum up the legal position emerging from the same in the following words.

"29.1. Disability pension to be granted to an individual who is invalided from service on account of a disability which is attributable to or aggravated by military service in non-battle casualty and is assessed at 20% or over. The question whether a disability is attributable to or aggravated by military service to be determined under the Entitlement Rules for Casualty Pensionary Awards, 1982 of Appendix II (Regulation 173).

29.2. A member is to be presumed in sound physical and mental condition upon entering service if there is no note or record at the time of entrance. In the event of his subsequently being discharged from service on medical grounds any deterioration in his health is to be presumed due to service [Rule 5 read with Rule 14(b)].

29.3. The onus of proof is not on the claimant (employee), the corollary is that onus of proof that the condition for non-entitlement is with the employer. A claimant has a right to derive benefit of any reasonable doubt and is entitled for pensionary benefit more liberally (Rule 9).

29.4. If a disease is accepted to have been as having arisen in service, it must also be established that the conditions of military service determined or contributed to the onset of the disease and that the conditions were due to the circumstances of duty in military service [Rule 14(c)]. [pic]

29.5. If no note of any disability or disease was made at the time of individual's acceptance for military service, a disease which has led to an individual's discharge or death will be deemed to have arisen in service [Rule 14(b)].

29.6. If medical opinion holds that the disease could not have been detected on medical examination prior to the acceptance for service and that disease will not be deemed to have arisen during service, the Medical Board is required to state the reasons [Rule 14(b)]; and 29.7. It is mandatory for the Medical Board to follow the guidelines laid down in Chapter II of the Guide to Medical Officers (Military Pensions), 2002 - "Entitlement: General Principles", including Paras 7, 8 and 9 as referred to above (para 27)."

7. In view of the settled position of law on attributability, we find that the RMB has denied attributability to the applicant only by endorsing that the disabilities **PREDIABETES'** and **HYPOTHYROIDISM'** are neither attributable to nor aggravated (NANA) by service on the ground of onset of disabilities in Aug2017 while posted in Peace location, therefore, applicant is not entitled to disability element of disability pension. However, considering the facts and circumstances of the case, we are of the opinion that this reasoning of Release Medical Board for denying disability pension to

applicant is not convincing and doesn't reflect the complete truth on the matter. Peace Stations have their own pressure of rigorous Air Force training and associated stress and strain of Air Force service. The applicant was enrolled in Indian Air Force on 25.07.1981 and the disabilities have been started after more than 36 years of Air Force service i.e. in Aug2017. We are therefore of the considered opinion that the benefit of doubt in these circumstances should be given to the applicant in view of ***Dharamvir Singh vs Union of India &Ors*** (supra), and the disability of the applicant should be considered as aggravated by Air Force service.

8. The law on the point of rounding off of disability pension is no more RES INTEGRA in view of Hon'ble Supreme Court judgment in the case of ***Union of India and Ors vs Ram Avtar &ors***(Civil appeal No 418 of 2012 decided on 10th December 2014). In this Judgment the Hon'ble Apex Court nodded in disapproval of the policy of the Government of India in granting the benefit of rounding off of disability pension only to the personnel who have been invalided out of service and denying the same to the personnel who have retired on attaining the age of superannuation or on completion of their tenure of engagement. The relevant portion of the decision is excerpted below:-

“4. By the present set of appeals, the appellant (s) raise the question, whether or not, an individual, who has retired on attaining the age of superannuation or on completion of his tenure of engagement, if found to be suffering from some disability which is attributable to or aggravated by the military service, is entitled to be granted the benefit of rounding off of disability pension. The appellant(s) herein would contend that, on the basis of Circular No 1(2)/97/D (Pen-C) issued by the Ministry of Defence, Government of India, dated 31.01.2001, the aforesaid benefit is made available only to an Armed Forces Personnel who is invalidated out of service, and not to any other category of Armed Forces Personnel mentioned hereinabove.

5. We have heard Learned Counsel for the parties to the lis.

6. We do not see any error in the impugned judgment (s) and order(s) and therefore, all the appeals which pertain to the concept of rounding off of the disability pension are dismissed, with no order as to costs.

7. The dismissal of these matters will be taken note of by the High Courts as well as by the Tribunals in granting appropriate relief to the pensioners before them, if any, who are getting or are entitled to the disability pension.

8. This Court grants six weeks' time from today to the appellant(s) to comply with the orders and directions passed by us.”

9. In view of the above, the Original Application No. 1100 of 2022 deserves to be allowed, hence allowed. The impugned order, rejecting the applicant's claim for grant of disability element of disability pension, is set aside. The disabilities **PREDIABETES'** and

HYPOTHYROIDISM'are held as aggravated by Air Force Service.

The applicant is entitled to get disability element @30% for life which would be rounded off to 50% for life from the date of his discharge. The respondents are directed to give effect to this order within four months from the date of receipt of a copy of this order.

Default will invite interest @ 8% per annum till actual payment.

10. No order as to costs.

(Vice Admiral Atul Kumar Jain)
Member (A)

(Justice Ravindra Nath Kakkar)
Member (J)

Dated: 21stApril, 2023
rkm